Management's Discussion and Analysis for the period ended March 31, 2018

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The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated August 31, 2018 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes for the period ended March 31, 2018 as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2017. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Company's Audit Committee and Board of Directors. The 2017 annual audited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Additional information relating to the Company can be found on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com and the Company's website at www.tethys-group.com.

Readers should also read the "Forward-Looking Statements" legal advisory wording contained at the end of this MD&A and also the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF").

Nature of Business

Tethys Petroleum Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively "Tethys" or "the Company") is an oil and gas company operating within the Republic of Kazakhstan and Georgia. Tethys' principal activity is the exploration and development of crude oil and natural gas fields. The address of the Company's registered office is 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-9007, Cayman Islands. The domicile of Tethys is the Cayman Islands where it is incorporated.

The Company has its primary listing on the NEX Board of the Toronto Venture Exchange ("TSX"). The Company is also listed on the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange ("KASE").

Financial highlights

(All references to USD are United States dollars unless otherwise noted and tabular amounts are in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	Quarter ended March 33			
	2018	2017	Change	
Oil and gas sales and other revenues	1,916	480	299%	
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(4,333)	(4,390)	(1%)	
Basic and diluted loss (USD) per share from continuing operations	(0.01)	(0.01)	0%	
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	(382)	(1,425)	(73%)	

		As at March 31		
	2018	2017	Change	
Total assets	115,679	156,298	(26%)	
Cash & cash equivalents	29	69	(58%)	
Short & long term borrowings	33,829	33,460	1%	
Total non-current liabilities	14,784	19,053	(22%)	
Net debt ¹	33,800	33,391	1%	
Number of ordinary shares outstanding	508,136,098	508,136,098	0%	

Note 1 Adjusted EBITDA and net debt are non-GAAP Measures, refer to page 18 for details.

First quarter 2018 versus first quarter 2017

- Oil and gas sales and other revenues increased by 299% to USD1.9 million from USD0.5 million mainly because there were no gas sales in the Q1 2017 due to the placing of production in storage whilst seeking to attain better pricing. Gas production continued throughout that quarter and was sold in May 2017;
- The loss of USD4.3 million was similar to the prior quarter's loss of USD4.4 million. The gross margin from oil & gas sales was higher in the current quarter but this was offset by higher finance costs and a smaller deferred tax credit;
- Adjusted EBITDA was negative USD0.4 million compared with negative USD1.4 million as a result
 of the higher gross margin from oil & gas sales and lower general & administrative expenses and
 restructuring costs;
- Net debt increased as a result of accrued interest on loans which more than offset the repayments to lenders.

Operational highlights

		Quarte	r ended Ma	ended March 31		
	Units	2018	2017	Change		
Kazakhstan						
Oil	bopd	880	682	29%		
Gas	boe/d	1,885	2,094	(10%)		
Total	boe/d	2,765	2,776	(0%)		
Oil						
Production	Bbls	79,217	61,418	29%		
Oil revenue	USD'000	655	477	37%		
Production costs	USD'000	721	581	24%		
Gross margin	USD'000	(66)	(104)	(37%)		
Oil sales price	USD/bbl	8.75	7.75	13%		
Cost	USD/bbl	9.10	9.46	(4%)		
Gross margin	USD/bbl	(0.35)	(1.71)	(80%)		
Gas						
Production	Mcm	28,829	32,020	(10%)		
Gas revenue net	USD'000	1,252	-	-		
Production costs	USD'000	324	464	(30%)		
Gross margin	USD'000	928	(464)	(300%)		
Sales price net	USD/Mcm	44.18	-	-		
Cost ¹	USD/Mcm	11.24	14.49	(22%)		
Gross margin	USD/Mcm	32.94	(14.49)	(327%)		

Oil

- Current quarter oil production averaged 880 bopd compared with 682 bopd in Q1 2017, reflecting a natural decline in overall production;
- Oil production cost per barrel in the current quarter decreased to USD9.10 compared with USD9.46 in Q1 2017 i.e. not as much as the increase in oil production due to the effect of nonvariable costs of production;
- Oil prices averaged USD8.75 bbl in the quarter compared with USD7.75 bbl in Q1 2017, an increase of 13%, reflecting a higher average price per barrel in Q1, 2018 as the currency exchange effect (oil is priced in Kazakhstan currency, the Tenge) between the periods was minimal.

Gas

- Current quarter gross gas production averaged 1,885 boe/d compared with 2,094 boe/d in Q1 2017, reflecting a natural decline in overall production from existing wells partly offset by production from the new wells that came on line in January 2018;
- Gas production cost per Mcm in the current quarter decreased to USD11.24 compared with USD14.49 in Q1 2017 partly due to a decrease in gas production and also cost reduction initiatives;
- There were no gas sales in Q1 2017 due to the placing of production in storage whilst seeking to attain better pricing. Gas production continued throughout the quarter and was sold in May 2017. The price in Kazakhstan local currency has remained unchanged since that date.

Operational Review

Outlook

The information provided under this heading is considered as forward looking information; as such please refer to page 22 – "Forward Looking Statements" of this MD&A.

The Company's objective is to become a leading oil and gas exploration and production Company in Central Asia, by exercising capital discipline, by generating cash flow from existing discoveries and by maturing large exploration prospects within our highly-attractive frontier acreage. The Company produces both oil and natural gas in order to balance its product portfolio and currently has oil and gas interests in the Republic of Kazakhstan, Republic of Tajikistan and Georgia. On December 30, 2017 the Company announced that an arbitration tribunal had ordered that it should assign its interest in its Tajikistan project to its partners.

The Company's long-term ambition is to achieve a significant role in the production and delivery of hydrocarbons from the Central Asian region to local and global markets, especially to the Chinese market. In common with many oil and gas companies, in implementing its strategies, the Company regularly considers farm-out/farm-in and joint venture opportunities and new projects which provide synergy with the Company's activities. Meanwhile, the specific focus of management in the short term is to:

- Resolve the Company's legal disputes with Eurasia Gas Group LLP ("EGG"), Olisol Petroleum Limited and Olisol Investments Limited (together "Olisol");
- Work with the Company's other major shareholders in Kazakhstan to market the Company's oil and gas for better pricing, including potential export pricing for gas;
- Complete the process of restructuring the Company's loans;
- Increase gas production by drilling new shallow gas wells, well work-overs and tie-in of already drilled wells;
- Seek drilling company partners, or other investors, to fund drilling activities in the Company's Kazakhstan licence areas, for example on a deferred payment or contingent production sharing basis. This would include oil wells on the Akkulka licence and the Klymene exploration well on the Kul-bas licence;
- Continue to evaluate farm-out or other value realisation opportunities with respect to the Georgian assets; and
- Implement further cost optimisation across the business.

Significant events and transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2018

TSX Listing Review

On January 24, 2018 the Company announced that the Continued Listings Committee of the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") had determined that the Company no longer meets the continued listing requirements of the TSX and will not be able to continue with its listing on the TSX after February 23, 2018 and subsequently extended this to March 23, 2018 whilst the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") considered the Company's application to move its listing to that exchange. On February 26, 2018 the TSXV informed the Company that it would not meet the TSXV listing requirements and would instead need to transfer its listing to NEX, a subsidiary exchange of the TSXV.

• Republic of Kazakhstan Supreme Court Dismisses EGG Claims

On February 14, 2018 the Republic of Kazakhstan Supreme Court found in favour of TAG by reversing the earlier court rulings and dismissing EGG's claims.

• Change of Management

On March 9, 2018 Mr. Clive Oliver, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary of the Company tendered his resignation but agreed to continue to work with the Company on an advisory basis to help ensure an orderly transition. In August 2018, Mr. Oliver agreed to continue in those roles at the Company.

On March 12, 2018 the Board of Directors of the Company announced that Mr. Kenneth May, Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), was stepping down with immediate effect.

Significant events and transactions subsequent to the period-end

• Change of Management

On April 3, 2018, The Company announced the appointment of Samuel Barrows as Interim Chief Executive Officer.

On July 9, 2018 the Company announced that Samuel Barrows had decided to step down with immediate effect and was being replaced by current Board member Mattias Sjoborg as its new Interim CEO.

• Update on Kazakhstan Loan

On April 20, 2018 the Company announced that TAG had received notification from Special Financial Company DSFK LLP ("DSFK") relating to a loan originally provided to EGG by Bank RBK JSC ("RBK") in 2012. Also in 2012, TAG pledged certain of its oil and gas assets as collateral for the RBK loan to EGG including gas pipelines, booster compressor stations and oil gathering facility. EGG was TAG's former oil customer and advanced certain funds to TAG. In December 2017, RBK's loan to EGG was assigned to DSFK. DSFK has written to EGG to demand repayment of the loan because of EGG's failure to make certain scheduled repayments. DSFK has written separately to

TAG regarding EGG's default and subsequent failure to repay the loan and informed TAG that it will take all measures to collect the debt, including but not limited to court collateral collection on the pledged assets. TAG has yet to receive full information regarding the EGG debt and is evaluating the legal position in order to protect its pledged assets from possible court collateral collection actions by DSFK and ultimately to have the pledges released.

• Restructuring of Interests in Georgia

In June 2018, Tethys and its partner in Georgia, Georgia Oil & Gas, agreed to a restructuring of their respective interests in the Georgian assets whereby Tethys' indebtedness of approximately USD1.6 million and its funding obligations for the 2018 operating budget were satisfied by reducing its economic interest in Blocks XI^M and XI^N blocks to 19%. The work program for 2018 involves reprocessing and interpretation of 500km of 2D seismic data and 225km of geological survey work.

Cease Trade Order

On July 2, 2018 the Company announced that the Alberta Securities Commission ("ASC") had issued a Cease Trade Order against the Company and revoked the previously issued Management Cease Trade Order ("MCTO"). Accordingly, Tethys securities have been halted from trading.

The Cease Trade Order was issued because the Company had not timely filed its audited financial statements, CEO and CFO certifications, and management discussion & analysis (the "Annual Filings") for the year ended December 31, 2017 and its interim financial statements, CEO and CFO certifications, and management discussion and analysis (the "Interim Filings") for the three month period ended March 31, 2018. Once the filings have been made the Company intends to apply to the ASC to have the Cease Trade Order revoked.

Agreements to Acquire Shares in the Company

On July 18, 2018 the Company announced that it had signed binding agreements for new investors to purchase 63,517,017 ordinary shares in the Company for total proceeds of USD1.2 million and warrants to acquire up to a further 63,517,017 ordinary shares for total proceeds of up to USD1.4 million. The transactions are subject to receipt of approval from the NEX Board of the TSX Venture Exchange and other regulatory approvals which may be required.

The Company also reported that the proposals to acquire shares in the Company announced on January 23, 2018 would no longer be proceeding.

Oil & Gas License Extensions

Also on July 18, 2018 the Company announced extensions of two of its Oil & Gas licenses in Kazakhstan.

Contract No. 3496 for gas production in the Akkulka Field has been extended for a further eight years until December 23, 2026 and the related work program for the period 2019-2026 has been approved.

In addition, Contract No. 265 for appraisal of the Akkulka Oil & Gas Area has received Ministry of Energy approval for a three year extension of the exploration period until March 10, 2022, provided the Company meets certain conditions. The Company currently produces oil in this contract area under a pilot production license.

Results of Operations and Operational Review - Kazakhstan

Oil production – Akkulka Contract

	2018					2017				
	Gross fluid		Net	Net production		Gross fluid		Net	Net pr	oduction
	m³	barrels	barrels	days	bopd	m^3	barrels	barrels	days	bopd
Q1	52,034	327,285	79,217	90	880	17,701	111,336	61,418	90	682
Total	52,034	327,285	79,217	90	880	17,701	111,336	61,418	90	682

Oil operations update

The Company produces oil from the AKD01 well under a pilot production license and the well has been performing to expectations. Oil production averaged 880 bopd in Q1 2018 (Q1 2017: 682 bopd) from AKD01. The well has been producing with an ESP installed in May 2017 with an approximate 76% water-cut for Q1 and this has been gradually increasing.

The AKD06 well has been shut in since late Q4 2014 due to the lower oil price received and the increased operating costs of a high water-cut well. The AKD05 well has been off production since November 2015. The option of using enhanced oil recovery ("EOR") techniques for this well has recently been being evaluated by Schlumberger, which conducted a hydrodynamic study of the Jurassic Carbonates and a geomechanics study.

The Company is currently reviewing its development plans for the next two years. Following the recently announced contract extensions through to March 2019 the priority will be to conduct the works required to fulfil the work programs and maintain and further extend the licence. There is no guarantee that an extension will be achieved since the Company has been operating the pilot production licence since 2011 with multiple licence extensions obtained since then and has not yet moved to a commercial production licence. Subject to funding which is uncertain, these works would include the drilling of two new deep wells AKD12 and AKD13. Prior to this the Company plans to reanalyse the available data from previously drilled wells and to retest the adjacent AKD03 well.

Where possible, in parallel with these works, steps will be undertaken to apply for a full commercial production licence which would enable a percentage of oil to be exported and higher prices to be realised than on the internal market where the Company is currently required to sell all oil produced under its pilot production licence. The Company has been evaluating the options for a gas utilisation facility, for associated gas, which is one of the requirements for commercial production.

The horizontal drilling of AKD05 and other possible enhancement projects would follow, only once there is greater certainty if a commercial licence can be obtained and higher sales prices achieved to make it economically viable.

Joint Venture – Aral Oil Terminal ("AOT")

The Company has a 50% interest in the AOT which was previously used to tranship oil produced by the Company after it was trucked to the AOT by the buyer. Oil sold in 2017 has not been transhipped

via the AOT and the Company is considering its options with regard to disposing of its interest in the terminal.

Gas production – Kyzyloi and Akkulka Contracts

		2018	8		2017			
	Mcm	Mcf	Mcm/d	Boe/d	Mcm	Mcf	Mcm/d	Boe/d
Kyzyloi								
Q1	13,512	477,103	150	884	17,370	613,325	193	1,136
Total	13,512	477,103	150	884	17,370	613,325	193	1,136
Akkulka								
Q1	15,317	540,827	170	1,001	14,651	517,319	163	958
Total	15,317	540,827	170	1,001	14,650	517,319	163	958
Grand total	28,829	1,017,930	320	1,885	32,020	1,130,644	356	2,094

Gas operations update

Production commenced from the Kyzyloi field in 2007, following the construction of a 56 km, 325mm outside diameter export pipeline from the Kyzyloi field gathering station to the main Bukhara–Urals gas trunkline, where a compressor station was constructed at 910 km on that trunkline. The gas flows into the main trunkline which is owned by Intergas Central Asia JSC ("ICA"), a division of the Kazakh State natural gas company KazTransGas JSC ("KTG");

Production commenced from the Akkulka field on October 6, 2010.

Gas production decreased by 10% or 36 Mcm per day in Q1 2018 compared with Q1 2017 reflecting the natural decline in production from existing wells offset by the increase in production from the new wells which came on line in January 2018.

During the quarter, the Company produced dry gas from a total of 16 wells at a depth of approximately 480-600m below surface, comprising ten producing wells in the Kyzyloi field and six in the Akkulka field with combined current average production for Q1 2018 2017 being 320 Mcm/d (Q1 2017 : 356 Mcm/d).

The completed Bozoi-Shymkent-China gas pipeline means that Tethys now has two potential gas export routes that provide alternatives to sell its gas; the route taking gas to the more populous south eastern part of Kazakhstan and, ultimately to China, and the Bukhara-Urals trunk line that transports gas from Central Asia into Russia. Export to China, if this can be achieved, would allow the Company to realise a higher net sales price. The Company believes that the long-term price for gas will rise in the region, in particular dry gas exported via pipeline from Central Asia and that Chinese demand will increase over the medium to long term, especially with the substitution in China of a greater percentage of energy use from gas instead of coal .

On January 11, 2018 the Company announced that it had completed drilling seven new shallow gas wells out of the previously announced eight well program. Due to weather conditions, the eighth well is expected to be drilled in the spring of 2018. All seven wells were tested successfully for gas at a depth of between 470 and 550 meters. In addition to the new wells drilled, one existing well has been successfully worked over.

By January 1, 2018 five wells, comprising one existing well and four new wells, had been tied in to the Company's existing pipelines and added to production. The other new wells, which are further from the Company's existing pipelines, are expected to be tied in during 2018, subject to funding.

Three of the new wells will be on production for three months after which production is required to cease whilst the mandatory reserves evaluation and reporting process is carried out.

There is also a need for repairs and parts replacement at the compressor station to increase capacity which the Company plans to do during 2018, subject funding. Until these works are carried out the overall production increase from the new wells will be limited by existing compression capacity.

Given the need to cease production from certain wells whilst reserves evaluation and reporting takes place and the need for compressor repair and replacement works, it is anticipated that optimum production levels from all the new wells would not be achieved until around the end of 2018.

Exploration - update

The KBD02 ("Klymene") prospect is planned to be drilled to a total depth of 2,750 metres targeting a large structure in the south west of the Kul-Bas block, and will target three horizons in the Lower Cretaceous and Upper Jurassic. State approval for the Klymene exploration well drill project and associated emissions are in place and the Company is seeking a partner to fund the cost of the well on a production sharing or joint venture basis. The Klymene prospect has the potential to be an order of magnitude bigger than the Doris oil discovery and surrounding prospects (the geographical area of the prospect is up to ten times the areal extent of the Doris oil field). It appears to have good four-way structural closure and positive amplitude effects which may be indicative of enhanced porosity on the recently acquired and interpreted seismic.

In May 2017 the Company received a positive decision from the Ministry of Energy to extend the license (appraisal period) for the next two years up to November 11, 2019. This extension of appraisal period for two years includes an obligation to drill and test KBD-02 (Klymene) and test KBD-01 (Kalypso). On November 6, 2017 Addition #9 to the contract was signed which includes the work program for 2018 and 2019 and is the final stage in the extension of the contract. The Company is dependent on better pricing for its oil & gas sales and outside funding in order to meet all its obligations under the contracts.

Results of Operations and Operational Review - Tajikistan

On December 30, 2017 the Company announced that its subsidiary, Kulob Petroleum Limited ("Kulob"), had been notified of the final arbitration award in respect of Kulob's interest in the Bokhtar Production Sharing Contract ("Participating Interest") and Joint Operating Agreement and Shareholders' Agreement ("JOA") with Total E&P Tajikistan B.V. ("Total") and CNPC Central Asia B.V. ("CNPC") pertaining to oil and gas exploration and production rights in Tajikistan.

The Arbitral Tribunal of the International Court of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce (the "ICC") has declared and/or ordered that:

- Kulob breached its obligations under the JOA by not paying its share of cash calls since August 2015:
- Total and CNPC are entitled under the JOA to require Kulob to withdraw from the JOA and assign its Participating Interest to them at no cost and Kulob should do so; and
- Kulob should pay Total and CNPC an amount of damages equivalent to the unpaid cash calls plus costs and interest which in the aggregate amounts to approximately USD13.7 million.

The Company does not expect the decisions of the ICC to have a significant effect on the results, cash flows or financial position of the Company since Tethys Petroleum Limited was not a party to the arbitration, does not believe it is responsible for the obligations of Kulob and has not provided any guarantees on behalf of Kulob.

The value of Kulob's Participating Interest was fully written down in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for the 2016 financial year and the amount awarded by the ICC was fully provided for in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for 2017. Since Kulob is unable to pay the damages claim awarded by the ICC and, in the event that the Company elects not to do so, the Company expects to deconsolidate Kulob and/or recognise an accounting gain for the amount provided for that is no longer payable by the Tethys group.

Results of Operations and Operational Review - Georgia

In June 2018, Tethys and its partner in Georgia, Georgia Oil & Gas, agreed to a restructuring of their respective interests in the Georgian assets whereby Tethys' indebtedness of approximately USD1.6 million and its funding obligations for the 2018 operating budget were satisfied by reducing its economic interest in Blocks XI^M and XI^N blocks to 19%. The work program for 2018 involves reprocessing and interpretation of 500km of 2D seismic data and 225km of geological survey work.

Summary of Quarterly Results

	Q1, 2018	Q4, 2017	Q3, 2017	Q2, 2017	Q1, 2017	Q4, 2016	Q3, 2016	Q2, 2016
Oil & gas sales and other revenues	1,916	2,070	2,593	2,855	480	1,631	3,119	3,529
Loss for the period – continuing operations	(4,333)	(34,320)	(2,879)	(3,905)	(4,390)	(32,203)	(4,036)	(4,934)
Basic & diluted loss (\$) per share: - continuing operations	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.08)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	(382)	(3,157)	1,727	(186)	(1,425)	(1,093)	(838)	(338)
Capital expenditure	797	3,705	465	109	999	354	318	342
Total assets	115,679	117,929	149,076	153,901	156,298	159,904	187,323	185,634
Cash & cash equivalents	29	77	186	817	69	449	1,800	700
Short & long term borrowings	(33,829)	(32,255)	(32,520)	(33,739)	(33,460)	(33,249)	(34,167)	(30,502)
Total non-current liabilities	(14,784)	(15,072)	(18,051)	(18,929)	(19,053)	(12,867)	(12,908)	(13,447)
Net debt ¹	(33,800)	(32,178)	(32,334)	(32,922)	(33,391)	(32,800)	(32,367)	(29,802)
Number of common shares outstanding	508,136,098	508,136,098	508,136,098	508,136,098	508,136,098	508,136,098	400,004,848	400,004,848

Note 1 Adjusted EBITDA and net debt are non-GAAP Measures, refer to page 18 for details.

Loss for the period

	Quarter ended March 31			
	2018	2017	Change	
Sales and other revenue	1,916	480	299%	
Production expenses	(1,045)	(595)	76%	
Depreciation, depletion & amortization	(2,714)	(2,567)	6%	
Administrative expenses	(987)	(1,174)	(16%)	
Restructuring costs	-	(118)	(100%)	
Share based payments	(16)	(56)	(71%)	
Foreign exchange loss	(266)	(18)	1378%	
Finance costs	(1,612)	(1,103)	46%	
	(6,640)	(5,631)	18%	
Loss before taxation from continuing operations	(4,724)	(5,151)	(8%)	
Taxation	391	761	(49%)	
Loss for the period	(4,333)	(4,390)	(1%)	

The Company recorded a net loss after taxation of USD4.3 million for the period ended March 31, 2018 (2017: USD4.4 million), the principal variances between the two periods being higher sales revenue by 299% due to there being no gas sales in Q1, 2017, a higher gross margin (i.e. sales revenue less production expenses) and lower administrative and restructuring expenses, offset by higher finance costs and a lower deferred tax credit.

Further variances between the two periods are summarised below together with a discussion of significant variances between the two periods.

Sales & other revenue

	Quarter	Quarter ended March 31			
	2018	2017	Change		
Summary					
Oil	655	477	37%		
Gas	1,252	-	0%		
Other	9	3	200%		
Total	1,916	480	299%		
By region					
Kazakhstan - Oil	655	477	37%		
Kazakhstan - Gas	1,252	-	0%		
Kazakhstan - Other	9	3	200%		
Total	1,916	480	299%		

Kazakhstan – Oil revenue and price

			Realised price			
	Gross sales	Revenue	at wellhead	VAT	Net sales	Net price
	bbls	\$000	\$/bbl	\$000	\$000	\$/bbl
2018						
Q1	74,850	734	9.80	79	655	8.75
Total	74,850	734	9.80	79	655	8.75
2017						
Q1	61,575	534	8.67	57	477	7.75
Total	61,575	534	8.67	57	477	7.75

- Under the pilot production licence oil can only be sold in the domestic Kazakhstan market and is priced in local currency, the Tenge;
- Sale price is determined at the wellhead where the oil is sold and therefore the Company incurs no transportation or marketing costs;
- Current quarter revenue was higher due a higher realised price of USD8.75/bbl (Q1 2017: USD7.75/bbl) and higher production after the ESP was installed in the AKD01 well in May 2017, although production has reduced significantly since that time.

Kazakhstan - Gas revenue and price

- There were no gas sales in Q1 2017 due to the placing of production in storage whilst seeking to attain better pricing. Gas production continued throughout the quarter and was sold in May 2017 at a fixed Tenge price of KZT 16,000 per 1,000 cubic metres, including 12% VAT. All gas sales since May 2017 have been at the same price (USD44.18 at an average Q1 2018 exchange rate of 323.4 Tenge);
- Gas contracts are subject to exchange rate risk refer to page 20 "Sensitivities".

Production expenses

	Quarte	Quarter ended Marc		
Units	2018	2017	Change	
USD000's	721	581	24%	
USD000's	324	464	(30%)	
USD000's	-	(464)	(100%)	
USD000's	-	14	(100%)	
USD000's	1,045	595	76%	
bbls	79,217	61,418	29%	
USD/bbl	9.10	9.46	(4%)	
boe	169,666	188,453	(10%)	
USD/boe	1.91	2.46	(22%)	
USD/boe	4.20	4.18	0%	
	USD000's USD000's USD000's USD000's USD000's USD000's	UsD000's 721 USD000's 324 USD000's - USD000's - USD000's 1,045 bbls 79,217 USD/bbl 9.10 boe 169,666 USD/boe 1.91	Units 2018 2017 USD000's 721 581 USD000's 324 464 USD000's - (464) USD000's - 14 USD000's 1,045 595 bbls 79,217 61,418 USD/bbl 9.10 9.46 boe 169,666 188,453 USD/boe 1.91 2.46	

Kazakhstan – oil production

A significant proportion of costs associated with oil production are fixed, so costs are not generally expected to reduce in the same proportion as a decline in production. Oil production costs increased in the quarter but cost per barrel of oil produced decreased due to the higher production and non-variable (i.e. fixed) costs.

Kazakhstan – gas production

Gas production costs decreased in the current quarter by 30% partly as a result of lower production volume which reduced by 10% and cost reduction initiatives, and costs per boe decreased quarter-on-quarter by 22% due to an element of fixed costs. Gas production, generally more so than the oil, has a significant fixed cost element which includes compressor supplies denominated in US dollars and consequently, as production declines, the production cost per Mcm (or boe) generally increases.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A")

DD&A for the quarter was USD2.7 million (2017: USD2.6 million) mainly arising on the Kazakh assets. The similar DD&A expense reflects the relatively constant combined oil & gas production volumes versus Q1, 2017.

Administrative expenses

	Quarter	Quarter ended March 31			
	2018	2017	Change		
Staff	607	534	14%		
Travel	21	66	(68%)		
Office	40	69	(42%)		
Professional fees	206	285	(28%)		
Regulatory	12	98	(88%)		
Marketing costs	45	50	(10%)		
Non-executive director fees	62	47	114%		
Other costs	(6)	25	(114%)		
Total	987	1,174	(16%)		
G&A expenses per boe (USD)	3.97	4.70	(16%)		

- Staff costs increased in the current quarter partly as a result of accrued costs in respect of the former CEO;
- Reductions in travel expenses reflect management's focus to reduce costs in this area, less
 international travel and a lower travel requirement following relocation of thr Company's main
 administrative office from Almaty to Aktobe in June 2017;
- Office costs reduced in the current quarter following the closure of the Company's Almaty office
 which was combined with its existing Aktobe office and the move to s smaller less expensive
 London;
- Professional and regulatory fees reduced mainly due to lower legal fees with a number of legal cases having been concluded or in abeyance;
- Marketing costs include mandatory corporate social responsibility obligations in Kazakhstan and also investor relations costs and were at a similar level;
- Non-executive director fees were higher due to the adjustment of accrual levels and foreign
 exchange variations since fees were agreed for historical reasons in GBP. The number of directors
 was four in both periods and fee levels have not changed. In addition, one of the directors was
 appointed part way through Q1 2017;
- Other costs, which include bank charges, vehicles costs and insurance are lower in the current quarter due to lower activity levels and cost reduction initiatives and release of accruals no longer required.

Restructuring costs

There were no restructuring costs in the current period. Costs associated with the restructuring programme undertaken in 2015-2017 were shown separately from administrative expenses. These include legal and financial advisory fees and office closures costs as well as staff terminations costs.

Share based payments

Share based payments were lower in the current quarter as no option awards have been made since March 2016.

Foreign exchange loss - net

Foreign exchange gains and losses arise from the revaluation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the reporting currency and the receipt or settlement of foreign currency denominated amounts at a different amount than the originally recorded transaction

amount. These have mainly arisen in Kazakhstan and from the revaluation of the GBP denominated rig loans.

Finance costs - net

Finance costs comprise interest expense net of interest income and are significantly higher in the current quarter due default interest rates being accrued on several overdue loans.

Taxation

The deferred tax credit was lower in the current period and arises mainly due to property, plant & equipment timing differences for accounting and tax purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company reported a loss of USD4.3 million for the period ended March 31, 2018 (year ended December 31, 2017: USD45.5 million) and an accumulated deficit as at that date of USD361.7 million (December 31, 2017: USD357.4 million) and negative working capital of USD50.2 million (December 31, 2017: negative USD47.2 million). In addition, the Company reported cash flow from operating activities before tax of USD0.1 million for the period ended March 31, 2018 (year ended December 31, 2017: positive USD1.3 million).

The Company also has various commitments and contingencies as described in note 25 of its 2017 consolidated financial statements. These include work program commitments for its oil & gas licenses which have not met been fully met potentially putting those licenses at risk of being revoked.

In order to support the Company's short term liquidity position and improve the Company's financial situation, management's focus in the short term is to:

- Resolve the Company's legal disputes with Eurasia Gas Group LLP ("EGG"), Olisol Petroleum Limited and Olisol Investments Limited (together "Olisol");
- Work with the Company's other major shareholders in Kazakhstan to market the Company's oil and gas for better pricing, including potential export pricing for gas;
- Complete the process of restructuring the Company's loans;
- Increase gas production by drilling new shallow gas wells, well work-overs and tie-in of already drilled wells;
- Seek drilling company partners, or other investors, to fund drilling activities in the Company's Kazakhstan licence areas, for example on a deferred payment or contingent production sharing basis. This includes oil wells in the Akkulka contract area and the Klymene exploration well in the Kul-bas contract area;
- Continue to evaluate farm-out or other value realisation opportunities with respect to the Georgia assets; and
- Implement further cost optimisation across the business.

Three of the Company's loans falling due in 2017 were restructured and the Company plans to negotiate restructurings with certain other lenders and other loans are subject to legal proceedings. Some of these loans as well as other creditors are now past due and there is a risk that lenders or other creditors could take recovery action potentially affecting the Company's ability to continue to operate. Further details of loans are provided in note 18 of the 2017 consolidated financial statements.

The Company is currently the subject of a Cease Trade Order ("CTO") issued by the Alberta Securities Commission June 29, 2018 due to the late filing of these consolidated financial statements and related

filings as well as its late filings for the first quarter of 2018. This prevents the trading in and purchasing of the Company's ordinary shares in Canada while the order remains in effect.

On July 18, 2018 the Company announced it had entered into share acquisition agreements to raise approximately USD1.2m from the sale of shares and warrants which if exercised would provide the Company with further funds of USD1.4m. The CTO does not apply to this transaction and the Company has received conditional approval for the transaction from the NEX Board of the Toronto Venture Exchange. Some of these proceeds are expected to be used to upgrade gas production facilities to increase production and cash flow from the newly tied in wells announced by the Company on January 11, 2018.

Tethys' future operations and earnings will depend upon the success of these efforts and the results of its operations in the Republic of Kazakhstan and Georgia.

Net debt

Net debt (refer to Non-GAAP measures) is calculated as total borrowings (which includes 'current and non-current borrowings') less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' plus net debt. All figures are as stated in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

	As at March 31			
	2018	2018 2017		
Total financial liabilities - borrowings	33,829	33,460	1%	
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(29)	(69)	(58%)	
Net debt	33,800	33,391	1%	
Total equity	43,626	88,894	(51%)	
Total capital	77,426	122,285	(37%)	

Refer to the section above "Liquidity and capital resources" for a description of the Company's plans to reduce net debt.

Financing and Going Concern

Details of the Company's financing and going concern assessment are provided in note 1 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Cash Flow

	Quarte	Quarter ended March 31		
	2018	2017	Change	
Net cash used in operating activities	59	(1,348)	(98%)	
Capital expenditure	(797)	(999)	(20%)	
Net changes in working capital	541	(14)	(3964%)	
Other investing cash flows	(89)	2,967	(103%)	
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	(345)	1,954	(118%)	
Proceeds from loan financing	-	-	0%	
Loan principal and interest payments	-	(862)	(100%)	
Other financing cash flows	-	(21)	(100%)	
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(883)	(100%)	
Effect of exchange rates	238	(103)	(397%)	
Net decrease in cash	(48)	(380)	(87%)	
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of period	77	449	(83%)	
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	29	69	(58%)	

Operating activities

The increase in net cash used in operating activities in the current quarter is primarily due to timing of oil & gas receipts and a reduction in payments to employees and suppliers.

Investing activities

Capital expenditure in the current quarter comprises the Company's commitment in respective of its Georgian exploration assets and completion of the shallow gas drilling program. Some of this was accrued reflecting the movement in working capital increase. The large amount of "Other investing cash flows" in Q1 2017 was cash classified as restricted at December 31, 2016 due restrictions imposed by a Kazakhstan court. That cash became unrestricted during the quarter when the restrictions were lifted. There is no equivalent amount in the current quarter.

Financing activities

There were no loan principal or interest payments during the current quarter. Loan repayments in Q1 2017 includes scheduled repayments on the Company's rig loans and interest payments due on other borrowings.

Accounting policies, changes to accounting standards and critical estimates

The Company's significant accounting policies and discussion of changes to accounting standards are disclosed in note 2 of the March 31, 2018 condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Refer to note 4 of the 2017 consolidated financial statements for information on the Company's significant judgments and assumptions and critical estimates.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as "Loss or profit before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortization, Impairment, Fair value gains or losses and Share Based Payments" and is calculated on the results of continuing operations. It provides an indication of the results generated by the Company's principal business activities prior to how these activities are financed, assets are depreciated and amortized, or how results are taxed in various jurisdictions.

The reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Loss for the Period is as follows:

	Quarte	Quarter ended March 31			
	2018	2018 2017			
Adjusted EBITDA	(382)	(1,425)	(73%)		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(2,714)	(2,567)	6%		
Share based payments	(16)	(56)	(71%)		
Fair value gain on derivative financial instrument - net	-	-	0%		
Finance costs - net	(1,612)	(1,103)	46%		
Loss before taxation	(4,724)	(5,151)	(8%)		

Net debt

Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (which includes current and non-current borrowings) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity plus net debt. All figures are as stated in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Adjusted EBITDA and Net debt shown in this MD&A do not have any standardised meaning as prescribed under IFRS and, therefore, are considered non-GAAP measures. These measures have been described and presented to provide shareholders and potential investors with additional information regarding the Company's financial results. These measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities.

Stockholder Equity

As at March 31, 2018 the Company had authorised share capital of 1,450,000,000 ordinary shares of which 508,136,098 (2017: 508,136,098) had been issued and 50,000,000 preference shares of which none had yet been issued. The preference shares have the rights as set out in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

As at March 31, 2018, a total of 40,374,320 (2015: 40,374,320) ordinary shares were reserved under the Company's Long Term Stock Incentive Plan. The number of options outstanding as at March 31, 2018 is 13,711,875 of which 9,454,583 were exercisable. The number of warrants outstanding is 192,300,000, of which all were exercisable. Loan facilities are in place which are convertible into a total of 186,316,064 ordinary shares, excluding accrued interest.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid or declared in the period.

Transactions with Related Parties

Disclosure of the Company's transactions with related parties are provided in note 12 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Commitments and contingencies

Details of the Company's commitments and contingencies including litigation, claims and assessments, work programme commitments and operating leases are provided in note 25 of the 2017 consolidated financial statements.

A summary of the Company's contractual obligations for each of the next five years and thereafter is shown in the table below:

	Total		Payments due		
		Less than	1 – 3	4 – 5	After 5
Contractual obligations		1 year	years	years	years
Borrowings	33,829	28,158	5,671	-	-
Operating leases	15	15	-	-	-
Kazakhstan work programme commitments	20,032	19,232	800	-	-
Trade and other payables	28,529	28,529	-	-	-
Total contractual obligations	82,405	75,934	6,471	-	-

Risks, uncertainties and other information

Readers are encouraged to read and consider the risk factors and additional information regarding the Company, included in its 2017 AIF filed with the Canadian securities regulators, a copy of which is posted on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

Risk management is carried out by senior management, in particular the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") as well as the Board of Directors. The Company has identified its principal risks for 2018 to include:

- (1) Liquidity and going concern;
- (2) Retention and extension of existing licences;
- (3) Production volumes and pricing both oil and gas; and
- (4) Political, fiscal, litigation and related risks.

Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including: market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate, commodity price and foreign exchange risk. Details of the Company's exposure to these risks and how this is managed is given in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the Company's management of risk, including the identification and analysis of risks faced by the Company and the consideration of controls that monitor changes in risk and minimise risk wherever possible.

Sensitivities

The price of gas sales from gas produced from both the Kyzyloi and Akkulka gas fields under gas sales contracts denominated in Tenge and is sensitive to a fluctuation in exchange rates. A 20% devaluation of the Tenge, from KZT323 to the USD to KZT388 for example, would result in a net price reduction of USD8.30 per Mcm. Based on a sales volume of 120,000 Mcm per annum, this would result in a reduction of USD1.0 million in gas sales receipts.

The price of oil sales is sensitive to movements in the market price. On a production level of 500 bopd, a movement of USD1 per barrel on the price received by the Company would result in a plus or minus movement in oil sales revenue of USD0.2 million per annum.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The annual and condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with IFRS and IFRIC Interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee, refer to 2017 Consolidated Financial Statements - note 2 *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* and Note 4 – *Critical Judgements and Accounting Estimates* – for further details.

Risks, uncertainties and other information - continued

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company has not recognised any derivative financial instruments.

Disclosure and Internal Controls

Disclosure and Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company are responsible for designing a system of internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR"), or causing them to be designed under their supervision, in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

During the review of the design and effectiveness of the Company's control system over financial reporting it was noted that due to reductions in the number of staff at the Company's Corporate Head Office after the financial period end, there is a material weakness in the design and operating effectiveness in the system of internal controls due to the Company's inability to achieve appropriate segregation of duties. The limited number of staff may also result in weaknesses with respect to accounting for complex and non-routine transactions due to a lack of technical resources. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that the Company's ICFR has not been effective throughout the period December 31, 2017 to the date of this MD&A.

While management of the Company has put in place certain procedures, including management and Audit Committee oversight and review, to mitigate the risk of a material misstatement in the Company's financial reporting, there is no assurance that this risk can be reduced to less than a remote likelihood of a material misstatement. Management is of the opinion that none of these control deficiencies has resulted in a material misstatement in the Company's interim and annual financial statements. The Company is investigating ways in which this material weakness might be remediated without the need to hire additional staff in the Corporate Head Office finance function, for example by utilising resources elsewhere in the Tethys group. The effectiveness of this action will then be assessed to determine whether it is adequate to remediate the material weakness.

Furthermore, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company are also responsible for ensuring the Company has appropriate disclosure controls and procedures ("DCP"). Given the weakness in ICFR noted above, coupled with the fact the Company has not filed the Annual or Interim Filings within the required timeline leading to the Cease Trade Order (See Cease Trade Order section), management has concluded that there is a material weakness in the Company's DCP.

The Company's CEO and CFO have filed certifications with the Canadian securities regulators regarding the quality of the Company's public disclosures relating to the period ended March 31, 2018.

Significant equity investees

Details of significant equity investees are discussed in note 23 of consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Forward-looking statements

In the interest of providing Tethys' shareholders and potential investors with information regarding the Company and its subsidiaries, including management's assessment of the Company's and its subsidiaries' future plans and operations, certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements or information (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of the "safe harbour" provisions of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "intend", "forecast", "target", "project" or similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as there can be no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations upon which they are based will occur.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, known and unknown risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, that contribute to the possibility that the predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not occur, which may cause the Company's actual performance and financial results in future periods to differ materially from any estimates or projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

These risks, uncertainties and assumptions include, among other things: the significant uncertainty over the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet its current and future obligations and continue as a going concern; risks of exploration and production licenses, contracts and permits being cancelled due to non-fulfilment of contractual commitments or not being renewed when they expire; the Company will not be successful in negotiating binding terms for the export of oil and gas at prices significantly higher than prices currently realised; volatility of and assumptions regarding oil and gas prices; fluctuations in currency and interest rates; ability to successfully complete proposed debt or equity financings or restructuring; product supply and demand; market competition; ability to realise current market oil and gas prices; risks inherent in the Company's and its subsidiaries' marketing operations, including credit risks; imprecision of reserve estimates and estimates of recoverable quantities of oil and natural gas and other sources not currently classified as proved; the Company's and its subsidiaries' ability to replace and expand oil and gas reserves; unexpected cost increases or technical difficulties in constructing pipeline or other facilities; unexpected delays in its drilling operations; delays in the delivery of its drilling rigs; unexpected difficulties in transporting oil or natural gas; risks associated with technology; the timing and the costs of well and pipeline construction; the Company's and its subsidiaries' ability to secure adequate product transportation; changes in royalty, tax, environmental and other laws or regulations or the interpretations of such laws or regulations; political and economic conditions in the countries in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate; the risk associated with the uncertainties, inconsistencies and contradictions in local laws and their interpretation and application in local jurisdictions in which the Company operates; the risk of international war, hostilities and terrorist threats, civil insurrection and instability affecting countries in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate; risks associated with existing and potential future lawsuits and regulatory actions made against the Company and its subsidiaries; and other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in the reports and filings made with securities regulatory authorities by Tethys.

With regard to forward looking information contained in this MD&A, the Company has made assumptions regarding, amongst other things, the continued existence and operation of existing pipelines; the proposed increase in the selling price for the delivery of gas to China; future prices for oil and natural gas; future currency and exchange rates; the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and access to capital markets to meet its future obligations and ability to continue as a going concern; the regulatory framework representing mineral extraction taxes,

Forward-looking statements

royalties, taxes and environmental matters in the countries in which the Company conducts its business, gas production levels; and the Company's ability to obtain qualified staff and equipment in a timely and cost effective manner to meet the Company's demands. Statements relating to "reserves" or "resources" or "resource potential" are deemed to be forward-looking statements, as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions that the resources and reserves described exist in the quantities predicted or estimated, and can be profitably produced in the future. Although Tethys believes that the expectations represented by such forward-looking statements are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. Furthermore, the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A and, except as required by law, Tethys does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any of the included forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Glossary

AIF Annual Information Form

AKD Akkulka Deep

AOT Aral Oil Terminal LLP

Bbls Barrels of oil

boe/d Barrel of oil equivalent per day

bopd Barrels of oil per day
CEO Chief Executive Officer
CFO Chief Financial Officer
CNPC CNPC Central Asia B.V.

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation

EGG Eurasia Gas Group LLP EOR Enhanced oil recovery

ESP Electrical submersible pump

GAAP Generally accepted accounting principles

GOG Georgia Oil and Gas Limited

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

ICA Intergas Central Asia JSC

ICC International Court of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce

JOA Joint Operating Agreement and Shareholders' Agreement

KASE Kazakhstan Stock Exchange

KTG KazTransGas

Kulob Kulob Petroleum Limited

KZT Kazakhstani Tenge

m3 Cubic metre

Mcf Thousand cubic feet

Mcf/d Thousand cubic feet per day
Mcm Thousand cubic metres

Mcm/d Thousand cubic metres per day

MD&A Management's Discussion & Analysis

Olisol Olisol Investments Limited and Olisol Petroleum Limited

Q1 Three month period commencing January 1 and ending 31 March
Q2 Three month period commencing April 1 and ending 30 June
Q3 Three month period commencing July 1 and ending 30 September
Q4 Three month period commencing October 1 and ending 31 December

sq.km
 TAG
 USD
 Total E&P Tajikistan B.V.
 TSX
 TSX Venture Exchange

USD/bbl USD per barrel

USD/Mcm USD per thousand cubic metre

VAT Value added tax

YTD Year to date cumulative

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

March 31, 2018

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Tethys Petroleum Limited have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of financial statements by an entity's auditor.

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Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	2 – 5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	6 – 12

Responsibility Statement of the Directors in Respect of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

We confirm on behalf of the Board that to the best of our knowledge, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

We draw attention to the section entitled "Going Concern" in Note 1 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements which describes the material uncertainties relating to the Company's adoption of the going concern basis in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2018.

For and on behalf of the Board

W. Wells Chairman 31 August, 2018 **A. Ogunsemi**Director
31 August, 2018

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (unaudited) (in thousands of US dollars)

Non-current assets 33,607 33,31 Property, plant and equipment 72,090 74,09 Restricted cash 4 1 Trade and other receivables 2,828 2,73 Deferred tax 75 75 Current assets 108,604 110,22 Current assets 29 7 Cash and cash equivalents 29 7 Trade and other receivables 2,946 3,53 Assets held for sale 3,473 3,47 Inventories 626 62 Restricted cash 1 1 Total assets 115,679 117,92 Non-current liabilities 115,679 117,92 Non-current liabilities - borrowings 5,671 5,58 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Current liabilities 1,016			As at
Intangible assets		Note March 31, 201	8 December 31, 2017
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Trade and other receivables 2,828 2,73 Deferred tax 75 75 Current assets 108,604 110,22 Cash and cash equivalents 29 7 Trade and other receivables 2,946 3,53 Assets held for sale 3,473 3,47 Inventories 626 62 Restricted cash 1 1 Total assets 115,679 117,92 Non-current liabilities 5,671 5,58 Financial liabilities - borrowings 5,671 5,58 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Provisions 1,016 98 Provisions 28,158 26,66 Current liabilities 52 5 Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 52 5 Total end and other payables 28,529 27,66 Foliate and other payables 57,269 54,91 Total liabilities <td>Property, plant and equipment</td> <td>72,09</td> <td>0 74,090</td>	Property, plant and equipment	72,09	0 74,090
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Current assets 108,604 110,22 Cash and cash equivalents 29 7 Trade and other receivables 2,946 3,53 Assets held for sale 3,473 3,47 Inventories 626 62 Restricted cash 1 7,075 7,70 Total assets 115,679 117,92 Non-current liabilities 115,679 117,92 Provisions 5,671 5,58 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Financial liabilities 14,784 15,07 Current liabilities 14,784 15,07 Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current liabilities 352 58 Financial liabilities 72,05 59,98 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5,081 5,081 Share capital 5,081 5,081 Sh	Trade and other receivables	2,82	8 2,734
Current assets 29 7 Cash and cash equivalents 2,946 3,533 Trade and other receivables 3,473 3,473 Assets held for sale 3,473 3,473 Inventories 626 62 Restricted cash 1 7,075 7,70 Total assets 115,679 117,92 Non-current liabilities 5,671 5,58 Financial liabilities - borrowings 5,671 5,58 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 14,784 15,07 Current liabilities 14,784 15,07 Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5,081 5,081 5,081 Total liabilities 5,081 5,081 5,081 Share permium 358,444 358,444 358,444 Other reserves </td <td>Deferred tax</td> <td>7</td> <td>5 75</td>	Deferred tax	7	5 75
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Financial liabilities - borrowings 5,671 5,58 Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Current liabilities Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 50,081 5,081 5,081 Share capital 5,081 5,081 55,84 Share premium 358,444 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,853 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92			
Deferred tax 8,097 8,50 Provisions 1,016 98 Current liabilities 14,784 15,07 Current liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 56,44 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Non-current liabilities		
Provisions 1,016 98 Current liabilities 14,784 15,07 Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 55,08 Share premium 358,444 358,44 358,44 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Financial liabilities - borrowings	5,67	1 5,587
14,784 15,07 Current liabilities 14,784 15,07 Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 57,269 54,91 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,44 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Deferred tax	8,09	7 8,505
Current liabilities Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,666 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,666 57,269 54,91 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Provisions	1,01	6 980
Financial liabilities - borrowings 28,158 26,66 Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,44 358,44 Other reserves 43,873 43,853 43,853 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92		14,78	4 15,072
Current taxation 582 58 Trade and other payables 28,529 27,66 57,269 54,91 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,850 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables 28,529 27,669 57,269 54,91 Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,850 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Financial liabilities - borrowings	28,15	8 26,668
Total liabilities 57,269 54,91 Equity 5 69,98 Equity 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Current taxation	58	2 582
Total liabilities 72,053 69,98 Equity 5,081 5,08 Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Trade and other payables	28,52	9 27,665
Equity Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,85 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92		57,26	9 54,915
Share capital 5,081 5,08 Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,856 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,943 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,925	Total liabilities	72,05	3 69,987
Share premium 358,444 358,444 Other reserves 43,873 43,851 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,943 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,925	Equity		
Other reserves 43,873 43,856 Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,943 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,925	Share capital	5,08	1 5,081
Accumulated deficit (361,690) (357,357 Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082 Total equity 43,626 47,943 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,928	Share premium	358,44	4 358,444
Non-controlling interest (2,082) (2,082) Total equity 43,626 47,94 Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Other reserves	43,87	3 43,856
Total equity 43,626 47,94. Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Accumulated deficit	(361,690) (357,357)
Total equity and liabilities 115,679 117,92	Non-controlling interest	(2,082	2) (2,082)
	Total equity	43,62	6 47,942
Going concern 1	Total equity and liabilities	115,67	9 117,929
	Going concern	1	

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board on 31 August, 2018 and were signed on its behalf.

W. WellsA. OgunsemiChairmanDirector31 August, 201831 August, 2018

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31

(in thousands of US dollars except per share information)

		Three months ended March 31			
	Note	2018	2017		
Sales and other revenues	3	1,916	480		
Production expenses		(1,045)	(595)		
Depreciation, depletion and amortisation		(2,714)	(2,567)		
Administrative expenses		(987)	(1,174)		
Restructuring costs		(307)	(118)		
Share based payments		(16)	(56)		
Foreign exchange loss		(266)	(18)		
Finance costs		(1,612)	(1,103)		
		(6,640)	(5,631)		
Loss before tax from continuing operations		(4,724)	(5,151)		
Taxation		391	761		
Loss from and total comprehensive loss		(4,333)	(4,390)		
Loss and total comprehensive loss attributable to:					
Shareholders		(4,333)	(4,390)		
Non-controlling interest		-	-		
Loss and total comprehensive loss		(4,333)	(4,390)		
Loss per share attributable to shareholders:					
Basic and diluted - from continuing operations (USD)	4	(0.01)	(0.01)		

No dividends were paid or are declared for the period (2017 – none).

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited) (in thousands of US dollars)

	Attributable to shareholders						
						Non-	
	Share	Share	Accumulated	Option	Warrant	controlling	Total
	capital	premium	deficit	reserves	reserves	interest	equity
A. I	E 004	250 444	(242.046)	27.047	46.604	(4.000)	02.220
At January 1, 2017	5,081	358,444	(312,046)	27,047	16,601	(1,899)	93,228
Comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(4,390)	-	-	-	(4,390)
Transactions with shareholders							
Share-based payments	-	-	-	56	-	-	56
Total transactions with shareholders	-	-	-	56	-	-	56
At March 31, 2017	5,081	358,444	(316,436)	27,103	16,601	(1,899)	88,894
At January 1, 2018	5,081	358,444	(357,357)	27,255	16,601	(2,082)	47,942
Comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(4,333)	-	-	-	(4,333)
Transactions with shareholders							-
Share-based payments	-	-	-	17	-	-	17
Total transactions with shareholders	-	-	=	17	-	-	17
At March 31, 2018	5,081	358,444	(361,690)	27,272	16,601	(2,082)	43,626

The option reserve and warrant reserve are denoted together as "other reserves" on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position. These reserves are non-distributable.

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31 (in thousands of US dollars)

	Three months ended March 2018 2		
Cash flow from operating activities			
Loss before tax from continuing operations	(4,724)	(5,151)	
Adjustments for:			
Share based payments	16	56	
Net finance cost	1,612	1,103	
Depreciation, depletion and amortisation	2,714	2,567	
Net unrealised foreign exchange gain	45	16	
Movement in provisions	- -	(120)	
Net change in working capital	396	189	
Cash from/(used in) operating activities	59	(1,340)	
Corporation tax paid	-	(8)	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	59	(1,348)	
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Expenditure on exploration and evaluation assets	(288)	(53)	
Expenditure on property, plant and equipment	(509)	(946)	
Movement in restricted cash	1	2,680	
Movement in advances to construction contractors	3	(14)	
Movement in value added tax receivable	(93)	301	
Net change in working capital	541	(14)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(345)	1,954	
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Repayment of borrowings	-	(242)	
Interest paid on borrowings	-	(620)	
Movement in other non-current liabilities	-	(21)	
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(883)	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	238	(103)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(48)	(380)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	77	449	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	29	69	

The notes on pages 6 to 12 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

1 General information and going concern

Tethys Petroleum Limited is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the address of the Company's registered office is 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-9007, Cayman Islands. Tethys is an oil and gas company operating within the Republic of Kazakhstan and Georgia. Tethys' principal activity is the acquisition of and exploration and development of crude oil and natural gas fields.

The Company had its primary listing on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") until March 23, 2018 when it transferred to NEX, a subsidiary of the Toronto Venture Exchange. The Company is also listed on the Kazakhstan Stock Exchange ("KASE").

Going concern

The Management and the Board has considered the Company's current activities, funding position and projected funding requirements for the period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in determining the ability of the Company to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The Company currently does not have sufficient funding to fund its obligations for the next twelve months.

Although these condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with IFRS, which contemplates the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due, events and uncertainties which are discussed below raise significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

The Company reported a loss of USD4.3 million for the period ended March 31, 2018 (year ended December 31, 2017: USD45.5 million) and an accumulated deficit as at that date of USD361.7 million (December 31, 2017: USD357.4 million) and negative working capital of USD50.2 million (December 31, 2017: negative USD47.2 million). In addition, the Company reported cash flow from operating activities before tax of USD0.1 million for the period ended March 31, 2018 (year ended December 31, 2017: positive USD1.3 million).

The Company also has various commitments and contingencies as described in note 25 of the 2017 consolidated financial statements. These include work program commitments for its oil & gas licenses which have not met been fully met potentially putting those licenses at risk of being revoked.

In order to support the Company's short term liquidity position and improve the Company's financial situation, management's focus in the short term is to:

- Resolve the Company's legal disputes with Eurasia Gas Group LLP ("EGG"), Olisol Petroleum Limited and Olisol Investments Limited (together "Olisol");
- Work with the Company's other major shareholders in Kazakhstan to market the Company's oil and gas for better pricing, including potential export pricing for gas;
- Complete the process of restructuring the Company's loans;

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

- Increase gas production by drilling new shallow gas wells, well work-overs and tie-in of already drilled wells;
- Seek drilling company partners, or other investors, to fund drilling activities in the Company's
 Kazakhstan licence areas, for example on a deferred payment or contingent production
 sharing basis. This includes oil wells in the Akkulka contract area and the Klymene
 exploration well in the Kul-bas contract area;
- Continue to evaluate farm-out or other value realisation opportunities with respect to the Georgia assets; and
- Implement further cost optimisation across the business.

Three of the Company's loans falling due in 2017 were restructured during 2017, the Company plans to negotiate restructurings with certain other lenders and other loans are subject to legal proceedings. Some of these loans as well as other creditors are now past due and there is a risk that lenders or other creditors could take recovery action potentially affecting the Company's ability to continue to operate. Further details of loans are provided in note 18 of the 2017 consolidated financial statements.

The Company is currently the subject of a Cease Trade Order ("CTO") issued by the Alberta Securities Commission on June 29, 2018 due to the late filing of its consolidated financial statements and related filings for the year ended December 31, 2017 as well as its late filings for these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related documents. This prevents the trading in and purchasing of the Company's ordinary shares in Canada while the order remains in effect.

On July 18, 2018 the Company announced it had entered into share acquisition agreements to raise approximately USD1.2m from the sale of shares and warrants which if exercised would provide the Company with further funds of USD1.4m. The CTO does not apply to this transaction and the Company has received conditional approval for the transaction from the NEX Board of the Toronto Venture Exchange. Some of these proceeds are expected to be used to upgrade gas production facilities to increase production and cash flow from the newly tied in wells announced by the Company on January 11, 2018.

Tethys' future operations and earnings will depend upon the success of these efforts and the results of its operations in the Republic of Kazakhstan and Georgia. There can be no assurance that Tethys will be able to successfully conduct such operations, and a failure to do so would have a material adverse effect on Tethys' financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Also, the success of Tethys' operations will be subject to numerous contingencies, some of which are beyond management's control. These contingencies include general and regional economic conditions, prices for crude oil and natural gas, competition and changes in regulation. Since Tethys is dependent on international operations, Tethys will be subject to various additional political, economic and other uncertainties. Among other risks, Tethys' operations may be subject to the risks and restrictions on transfer of funds, import and export duties, quotas and embargoes, domestic and international customs and tariffs, and changing taxation policies, foreign exchange restrictions, political conditions and regulations.

These circumstances indicate the existence of a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

concern and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to secure and deliver the above-described additional funding required to meet capital expenditure programs including its contractual obligations, its ability to renew and maintain access to debt facilities, equity issuances, manage risks associated with depressed oil prices and potential Tenge devaluation and ability to generate positive cash flows from operations. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues, expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the Company was unable to realize its assets and settle its liabilities as a going concern in the normal course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

2 Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention except as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss and are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the IASB and IFRIC interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee and effective or issued and early adopted as at the time of preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as applicable to interim financial reporting and do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements reported for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in United States Dollars ("USD").

New accounting policies

There were no new and revised standards adopted by the Company during the financial period ended March 31, 2018 that had an impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are no significant new or amended standards that have been early adopted by the Company.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

3 Segmental Reporting

Geographical segments

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors that are used to make strategic decisions. Reports provided to the Board of Directors with respect to segment information are measured in a manner consistent with that of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The assets and liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment and for assets, the physical location of the asset.

The Board of Directors consider the business from predominantly a geographical perspective and the Company currently operates in three geographical markets: Kazakhstan, Tajikistan and Georgia.

In Kazakhstan, the Company is producing oil and gas from the Kyzyloi and Akkulka fields and is undertaking exploration and evaluation activity in the Kul-bas field. In Georgia, the Company is currently undertaking exploration and evaluation activity. The Company previously undertook exploration activity in Tajikistan, however, on December 30, 2017 an arbitration tribunal ruled it should assign its interest to its partners due to its contractual defaults.

The Company also operates a corporate segment which has provided loan funding for development activities in Kazakhstan.

The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue, results and assets by reportable segment for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

	Manalihatan	Taliliatas	Ci-	C	Takal
	Kazakhstan	Tajikistan	Georgia	Corporate	Total
Gas sales	1,252	-	-	-	1,252
Oil sales	655	-	-	-	655
Other income	9	-	-	-	9
Other operating income	-	-	-	27	27
Segment revenue and other income	1,916	-	-	27	1,943
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	-	(27)	(27)
Segment revenue and other income from	1,916	-	-	-	1,916
external customers					
Loss before taxation	(1,989)	-	-	(2,735)	(4,724)
Taxation	403	-	-	(12)	391
Loss for the period	(1,586)	-	-	(2,747)	(4,333)
Total assets ¹	105,582	8	4,088	109,564	115,679
Total liabilities ¹	125,667	13,884	-	36,065	72,053
Expenditure on exploration & evaluation assets,	510	-	287	-	797
property, plant and equipment					
Depreciation, depletion & amortization	2,094	-	-	620	2,714

Note 1 – Total is after elimination of inter-segment items of USD103,563,000.

No borrowing costs were capitalised during the period.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue, results and assets by reportable segment for the three months ended March 31, 2017:

	Kazakhstan	Tajikistan	Georgia	Corporate	Total
Gas sales	-	-	-	-	-
Oil sales	477	-	-	-	477
Other income	3	-	-	-	3
Other operating income	-	-	-	27	27
Segment revenue and other income	480	-	-	27	507
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	-	(27)	(27)
Segment revenue and other income from	480	-	-	-	480
external customers					
Loss before taxation	(2,625)	(13)	-	(2,513)	(5,151)
Taxation	781	-	-	(20)	761
Loss for the period	(1,844)	(13)	-	(2,533)	(4,390)
Total assets ¹	130,105	8	13,281	118,585	156,298
Total liabilities ¹	129,315	12,685	1	31,084	67,404
Expenditure on exploration & evaluation assets, property, plant and equipment	43	, -	50	906	999
Depreciation, depletion & amortization	1,932	-	-	635	2,567

Note 1 – Total is after elimination of inter-segment items of USD105,681,000.

No borrowing costs were capitalised during the period.

4 Loss per share

		Three months ended March 31		
Continuing operations	Units	2018	2017	
Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$'000	(4,333)	(4,390)	
Weighted average shares	000s	508,136	508,136	
Per share amount	\$	(0.01)	(0.01)	

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. Diluted per share information is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Potential ordinary shares, comprising share options and warrants, are currently anti-dilutive and therefore there is no difference between basic and diluted earnings per share.

5 Related party transactions

Transactions between the Company's subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. There are no other related party transactions requiring disclosure.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

6 Subsequent events

Update on Kazakhstan Loan

On April 20, 2018 the Company announced that TAG had received notification from Special Financial Company DSFK LLP ("DSFK") relating to a loan originally provided to EGG by Bank RBK JSC ("RBK") in 2012. Also in 2012, TAG pledged certain of its oil and gas assets as collateral for the RBK loan to EGG including gas pipelines, booster compressor stations and oil gathering facility. EGG was TAG's former oil customer and advanced certain funds to TAG. In December 2017, RBK's loan to EGG was assigned to DSFK. DSFK has written to EGG to demand repayment of the loan because of EGG's failure to make certain scheduled repayments. DSFK has written separately to TAG regarding EGG's default and subsequent failure to repay the loan and informed TAG that it will take all measures to collect the debt, including but not limited to court collateral collection on the pledged assets. TAG has yet to receive full information regarding the EGG debt and is evaluating the legal position in order to protect its pledged assets from possible court collateral collection actions by DSFK and ultimately to have the pledges released.

Cease Trade Order

On July 2, 2018 the Company announced that the Alberta Securities Commission ("ASC") had issued a Cease Trade Order against the Company and revoked the previously issued Management Cease Trade Order ("MCTO"). Accordingly, Tethys securities have been halted from trading.

The Cease Trade Order was issued because the Company had not timely filed its audited financial statements, CEO and CFO certifications, and management discussion & analysis (the "Annual Filings") for the year ended December 31, 2017 and its interim financial statements, CEO and CFO certifications, and management discussion and analysis (the "Interim Filings") for the three month period ended March 31, 2018. Once the filings have been made the Company intends to apply to the ASC to have the Cease Trade Order revoked.

Restructuring of interests in Georgia

In June 2018, Tethys and its partner in Georgia, Georgia Oil & Gas, agreed to a restructuring of their respective interests in the Georgian assets whereby Tethys' indebtedness of approximately USD1.6 million and its funding obligations for the 2018 operating budget were satisfied by reducing its economic interest in Blocks XI^M and XI^N blocks to 19%. The work program for 2018 involves reprocessing and interpretation of 500km of 2D seismic data and 225km of geological survey work.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued) For the three months ended 31 March 2018 (in thousands of US dollars)

Agreements to Acquire Shares in the Company

On July 18, 2018 the Company announced that it had signed binding agreements for new investors to purchase 63,517,017 ordinary shares in the Company for total proceeds of USD1.2 million and warrants to acquire up to a further 63,517,017 ordinary shares for total proceeds of up to USD1.4 million. The transactions are subject to approval by the NEX Board of the TSX Venture Exchange which has been received and other regulatory approvals which may be required.

The Company also reported that the proposals to acquire shares in the Company announced on January 23, 2018 would no longer be proceeding.

Oil & Gas License Extensions

Also on July 18, 2018 the Company announced extensions of two of its Oil & Gas licenses in Kazakhstan.

Contract No. 3496 for gas production in the Akkulka Field has been extended for a further eight years until December 23, 2026 and the related work program for the period 2019-2026 has been approved.

In addition, Contract No. 265 for appraisal of the Akkulka Oil & Gas Area has received Ministry of Energy approval for a three year extension of the exploration period until March 10, 2022, provided the Company meets certain conditions. The Company currently produces oil in this contract area under a pilot production license.